



COURSE DATA SHEET

SEMESTER	I	BATCH	2026-2029
COURSENAME	MATHEMATICS FOR DATA SCIENCE	COURSE CODE	26UMAGE1E04
COURSE UNITS	5	COURSE TYPE	GENERIC ELECTIVE -I
CONTACT HOURS (L-T-P)	4-2-0	CREDITS	4
OFFERED BY	MATHEMATICS	SHIFT-(I/II) Shift-I-8.15am - 12.50pm Shift-II-1.00pm to 5.30pm	II

COURSE OBJECTIVES

1	Introduce the fundamental concepts of matrices and Eigen values/Eigenvectors with applications.
2	Familiarize students with vector spaces and linear transformations.
3	Develop calculus skills involving differentiation for solving optimization and evaluation problems.
4	Provide knowledge of numerical techniques to solve algebraic, transcendental, and linear systems of equations.
5	Introduce interpolation methods for approximating unknown values using numerical techniques.

COURSE OUTCOMES: On completion of the course the students will be able to...

	CO Statement	Cognitive Level
CO1	Understand and apply the concepts of matrices, Eigen values, and Eigen vectors in solving real-world problems.	K1-K5 (Understand and Apply)
CO2	Demonstrate understanding of vector spaces and perform operations involving linear transformations.	K1-K5 (Understand and Apply)
CO3	Apply differentiation techniques to solve problems involving maxima, minima.	K1-K4 (Understand, Apply and Analyze)
CO4	Use numerical methods like Bisection, Newton-Raphson, and Gauss elimination to solve equation	K1-K5 (Understand, Apply,



		Analyze and Evaluate)
CO5	Employ interpolation techniques (Newton's and Lagrange's) to estimate missing or unknown values in datasets.	K1-K5 (Understand, Apply, Analyze and Evaluate)

SYLLABUS

UNIT	TOPICS	HOURS
1	Matrices: Matrices: Symmetric, Skew-Symmetric, Orthogonal, Hermetian, Skew-Hermetian and Unitary matrices. Eigen values and Eigen-vectors, Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof) – verification- Computation of inverse of matrix using Cayley - Hamilton theorem. Vol I-Chapter 4: Section 4.1.1 to 4.1.6, 4.5, 4.5.2, 4.5.3. (Omit 4.5.1)	15
2	Differentiation : Successive Differentiation-nth derivative – standard results (except $e^{ax}\sin(bx+c)$, $e^{ax}\cos(bx+c)$), Leibnitz theorem (Without proof), Jacobian, Maxima and Minima of functions of two independent variables- Simple problems. Chapter 1: Section 1.1.1 to 1.2 & 1.3.1	15
3	Differential Equations: Ordinary Differential Equations: Second order non-homogeneous differential equations with constant coefficients of the form $ay'' + by' + cy = X$ where X is of the form $e^{ax} \cos \beta x$ and $e^{ax} \sin \beta x$ -Related problems only. Partial Differential Equations: Formation, complete integrals and general solution of Lagrange's linear equation $Pp + Qq = R$. Vol-II-Chapter 5: Section 5.2.1, Chapter 6: Section 6.1 & 6.4	15
4	Numerical Solution of Equations: Solutions of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: Bisection method, Newton-Raphson's method. Solution of Simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equations: Gauss elimination, Gauss – Jordan elimination (no derivations, no proofs). Chapter 3: Section 3.3, 3.5. Chapter 4: Section 4.3, 4.4	15



**SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT
VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)**
OWNED AND MANAGED BY CORK INDUSTRIES CHARITIES TRUST
(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)
Chromepet, Chennai - 600 044.

5	Numerical Interpolation : Interpolation with unequal intervals- Divided differences and their properties, Newton's divided difference formula for interpolation, Lagrange's formula for interpolation, Lagrange's formula for Inverse interpolation (no derivations, no proofs). Chapter 7: Sections 7.3 to 7.6	15
Note (if any)	Definitions and simple problems from all units may be asked in section A	75 Hours

TEXT/REFERENCE BOOKS/E - RESOURCES:

Text Books	1. P. Duraipandian, S. Udayabaskaran. Allied Mathematics: Volume I and II. 2022, S. Chand Publications. 2. S. Arumugam, A. Thangapandi Isaac, A. Somasundaram. Numerical Methods. Scitech Publications (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2015.
Books For Reference	1. P. Kandasamy, K. Thilagavathy. Mathematics – I, II., S. Chand & Company Pvt. Ltd. Reprint: 2004 2. P. R. Vittal, V. Malini. Algebra and Trigonometry., Margham Publications., Reprint: 2007 3. E. Balagurusamy. Numerical Methods. McGraw-Hill Education, 2017. 4. S. Satteluri, R. K. Iyengar, R. K. Jain. Numerical Methods. New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, 2020. 5. Seymour Lipschutz and Marc Lipson. <i>Schaum's Outline of Linear Algebra</i>. 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017.
E-Learning Resources	1. https://www.khanacademy.org/math/linear-algebra/alternate-bases/eigen-everything/v/linear-algebra-introduction-to-eigenvalues-and-eigenvectors 2. https://www.khanacademy.org/math/differential-equations 3. https://www.sjsu.edu/me/docs/hsu-Chapter%2010%20Numerical%20solution%20methods.pdf 4. https://stemez.com/subjects/maths/STNumericalAnalysis/STNumericalAnalysis.php 5. https://byjus.com/reduction-formula/

PEDAGOGY (TEACHING METHODOLOGY):

- Chalk & Talk
- LCD/SMART Boards
- Student Assignments/Student Seminars/Quizzes
- MCQ
- NPTEL/Others - Add-on-courses
- Web Resources



- Group Activities / Peer Teaching
- Flipped Classroom

CO-PO AND CO-PSO MAPPING:

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6		PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	2	1	2	1		2	1	3
CO2	3	2	2	1	2	1		2	1	3
CO3	2	3	1	1	2	1		1	1	2
CO4	2	2	3	1	2	1		3	2	2
CO5	2	2	3	1	2	1		3	2	2
Average (Use only filled in cells for calculation)	2. 4	2. 2	2. 2	1.0	2.0	1.0		2.0	1.0	2,2

Correlation Level: 1-Low 2-Moderate 3-Strong



JUSTIFICATION OF CO-PO/PSO MAPPING

CO	PO/PSO	Level of correlation	Justification
CO1	PO1	3	Applies concepts of matrices, Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors confidently to solve mathematical and computational problems.
	PO2	3	Develops logical reasoning by analyzing matrix properties and interpreting mathematical results.
	PO3	3	Uses matrix techniques to develop computational solutions for data-driven and societal problems.
	PO4	3	Builds programme-centric mathematical knowledge required for higher studies in Data Science.
	PO5	3	Encourages lifelong learning by applying linear algebra concepts in emerging computational technologies.
	PO6	3	Demonstrates discipline, accuracy and ethical responsibility while performing mathematical computations.
	PSO1	3	Develops competency in the fundamental concepts of linear algebra.
	PSO2	3	Applies matrix techniques in computational and analytical applications.
	PSO3	3	Strengthens analytical and computational skills required for research and employability.
CO2	PO1	3	Applies concepts of vector spaces and linear transformations to solve mathematical problems confidently.
	PO2	3	Analyzes vector operations using logical reasoning to interpret mathematical relationships.
	PO3	3	Develops computational models using vector spaces and linear transformations.
	PO4	3	Enhances programme-specific mathematical competency for advanced studies.
	PO5	3	Promotes continuous learning through applications of vector algebra in modern computing.
	PO6	3	Demonstrates systematic and ethical practices while solving mathematical problems.
	PSO1	3	Strengthens competence in vector algebra and linear transformations.
	PSO2	3	Applies vector concepts in computational and mathematical modelling.



	PSO3	3	Develops analytical thinking and problem-solving abilities for research and employability.
CO3	PO1	2	Applies differentiation techniques to solve optimization problems effectively.
	PO2	2	Evaluates maxima and minima using logical reasoning and analytical thinking.
	PO3	2	Applies optimization methods to formulate mathematical solutions for practical problems.
	PO4	2	Provides programme-specific knowledge essential for higher studies involving optimization.
	PO5	2	Enhances lifelong learning through applications of differential calculus in emerging fields.
	PO6	2	Demonstrates accuracy and responsibility while solving optimization problems.
	PSO1	2	Builds the foundation of differential calculus for advanced mathematics.
	PSO2	2	Applies optimization techniques in computational mathematics.
	PSO3	2	Develops analytical and problem-solving skills for data-driven applications.
CO4	PO1	2	Applies numerical methods to solve algebraic and linear systems efficiently.
	PO2	2	Analyzes numerical algorithms and interprets approximate solutions logically.
	PO3	2	Develops computational solutions for real-world problems using numerical algorithms.
	PO4	2	Strengthens mathematical competency required for advanced computational studies.
	PO5	2	Promotes lifelong learning through numerical computing and algorithmic techniques.
	PO6	2	Demonstrates ethical practices and systematic approaches in numerical computation.
	PSO1	2	Builds strong competency in numerical methods and computational mathematics.
	PSO2	2	Applies numerical algorithms in data analysis and scientific computing.
	PSO3	2	Enhances analytical and computational problem-solving skills.
CO5	PO1	2	Applies interpolation techniques to estimate unknown values accurately.
	PO2	2	Evaluates interpolation methods and selects suitable approximation techniques using logical reasoning.
	PO3	2	Develops mathematical models for prediction and estimation using interpolation methods.
	PO4	2	Supports programme-specific knowledge required for higher studies in numerical analysis.
	PO5	2	Encourages continuous learning through predictive numerical techniques used in Data Science.



**SHRIMATHI DEVKUNVAR NANALAL BHATT
VAISHNAV COLLEGE FOR WOMEN (AUTONOMOUS)**
OWNED AND MANAGED BY CORK INDUSTRIES CHARITIES TRUST
(Affiliated to the University of Madras and Accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC)
Chromepet, Chennai - 600 044.

	PO6	2	Demonstrates responsibility, precision and ethical practices while estimating numerical values.
	PSO1	2	Strengthens competency in numerical approximation and interpolation techniques.
	PSO2	2	Applies interpolation methods in computational mathematics and data analysis.
	PSO3	2	Develops modelling and analytical skills required for research and data science applications.

